

# Homework Set 6

Due October 8, 2020

1. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of

$$\sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

Suppose an electron is in the spin state  $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$ . If  $S_y$  is measured, what is the probability of the result  $+\hbar/2$ , in terms of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ?

2. In the 2-dimensional space of a spin-1/2 particle, consider a sequence of Euler rotations represented by

$$U(\alpha, \beta, \gamma) = \exp\left(\frac{-i\sigma_3\alpha}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{-i\sigma_2\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{-i\sigma_3\gamma}{2}\right) \quad (2)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\gamma)/2} \cos \frac{\beta}{2} & -e^{-i(\alpha-\gamma)/2} \sin \frac{\beta}{2} \\ e^{i(\alpha-\gamma)/2} \sin \frac{\beta}{2} & e^{i(\alpha+\gamma)/2} \cos \frac{\beta}{2} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

Because of the group properties of rotations, we expect that this sequence of operations is equivalent to a *single* rotation about some axis by an angle  $\theta$ . Find  $\theta$ .

3. (a) Consider a pure ensemble of identically prepared spin-1/2 systems. Suppose the expectation values  $\langle S_x \rangle$  and  $\langle S_z \rangle$  are known, as well as the sign of  $\langle S_y \rangle$ .  
Show how we may determine the state vector. Why is it unnecessary to know the magnitude of  $\langle S_y \rangle$ ?
- (b) Consider a mixed ensemble of spin-1/2 systems. Suppose the ensemble averages  $[S_x]$ ,  $[S_y]$ , and  $[S_z]$  are all known. Show how we may construct the  $2 \times 2$  density matrix that characterizes the ensemble.