

# Homework Set 10

Due November 6, 2020

- Construct a spherical tensor of rank 1 out of two different vectors  $\mathbf{U} = (U_x, U_y, U_z)$  and  $\mathbf{V} = (V_x, V_y, V_z)$ .  
Explicitly write  $T_{\pm 1,0}^{(1)}$  in terms of  $U_{x,y,z}$  and  $V_{x,y,z}$ .
  - Construct a spherical tensor of rank 2 out of two different vectors  $\mathbf{U}$  and  $\mathbf{V}$ .  
Write down explicitly  $T_{\pm 2,\pm 1,0}^{(2)}$  in terms of  $U_{x,y,z}$  and  $V_{x,y,z}$ .
- Consider a spinless particle bound to a fixed center by a central force potential.

- Relate, as much as possible, the matrix elements

$$\langle n', l', m' | \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(x \pm iy) | n, l, m \rangle \quad (1)$$

and

$$\langle n', l', m' | z | n, l, m \rangle \quad (2)$$

using *only* the Wigner-Eckart theorem. Make sure to state under what conditions the matrix elements are nonvanishing.

- Do the same problem using wave functions

$$\psi(\mathbf{x}) = R_{nl}(r)Y_l^m(\theta, \phi) \quad (3)$$

- Write  $xy$ ,  $xz$ , and  $(x^2 - y^2)$  as components of a spherical (irreducible) tensor of rank 2.
  - The expectation value

$$Q \equiv e \langle \alpha, j, m = j | (3z^2 - r^2) | \alpha, j, m = j \rangle \quad (4)$$

is known as the *quadrupole moment*. Evaluate

$$e \langle \alpha, j, m' | (x^2 - y^2) | \alpha, j, m = j \rangle \quad (5)$$

where  $m' = j, j-1, j-2, \dots$ , in terms of  $Q$  and appropriate Clebsch-Gordan coefficients